

Methane-emissions
abatement in the oil
and gas sector: Costs
and opportunities

Ilissa Ocko, Ph.D.
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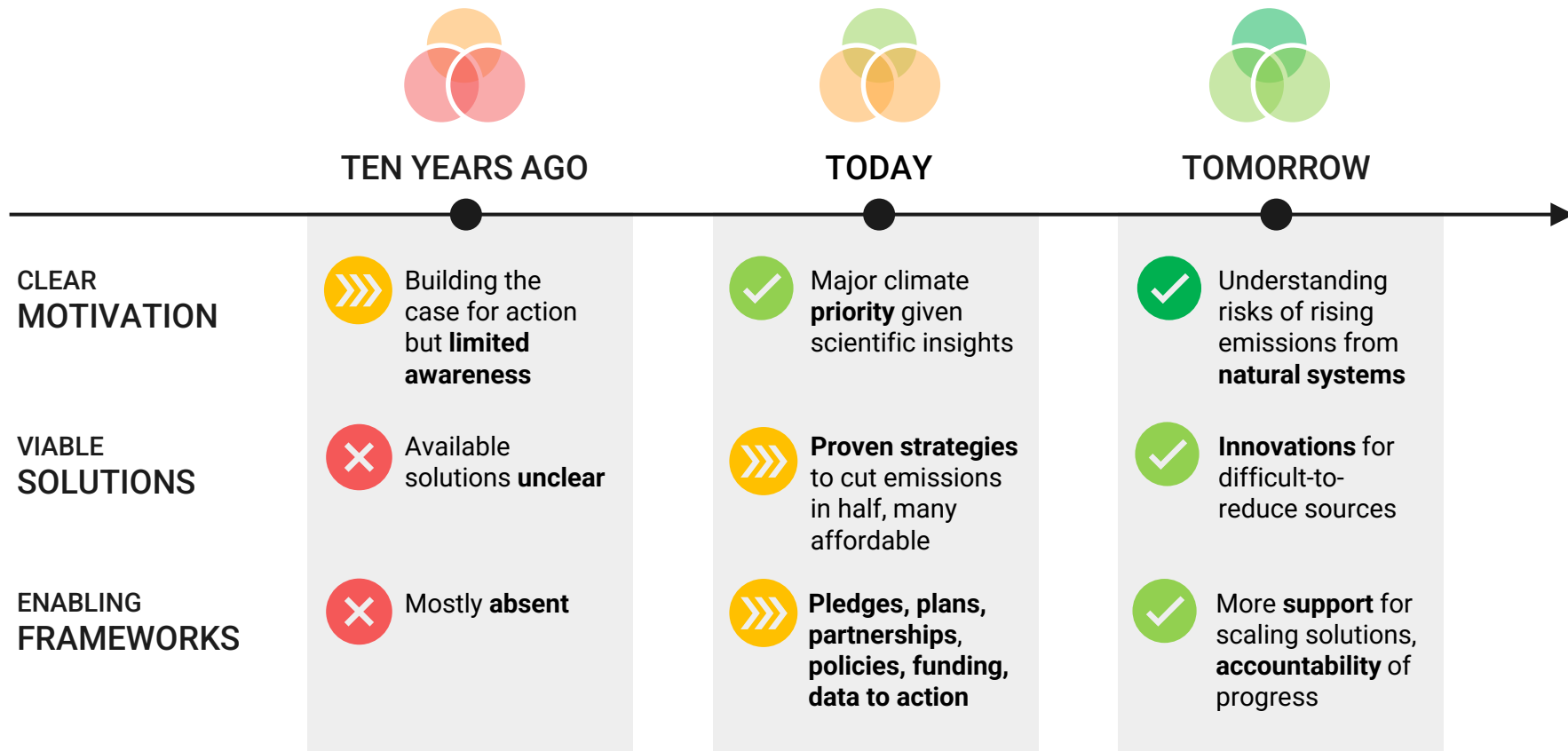


Methane action: Where we are today and what is needed tomorrow

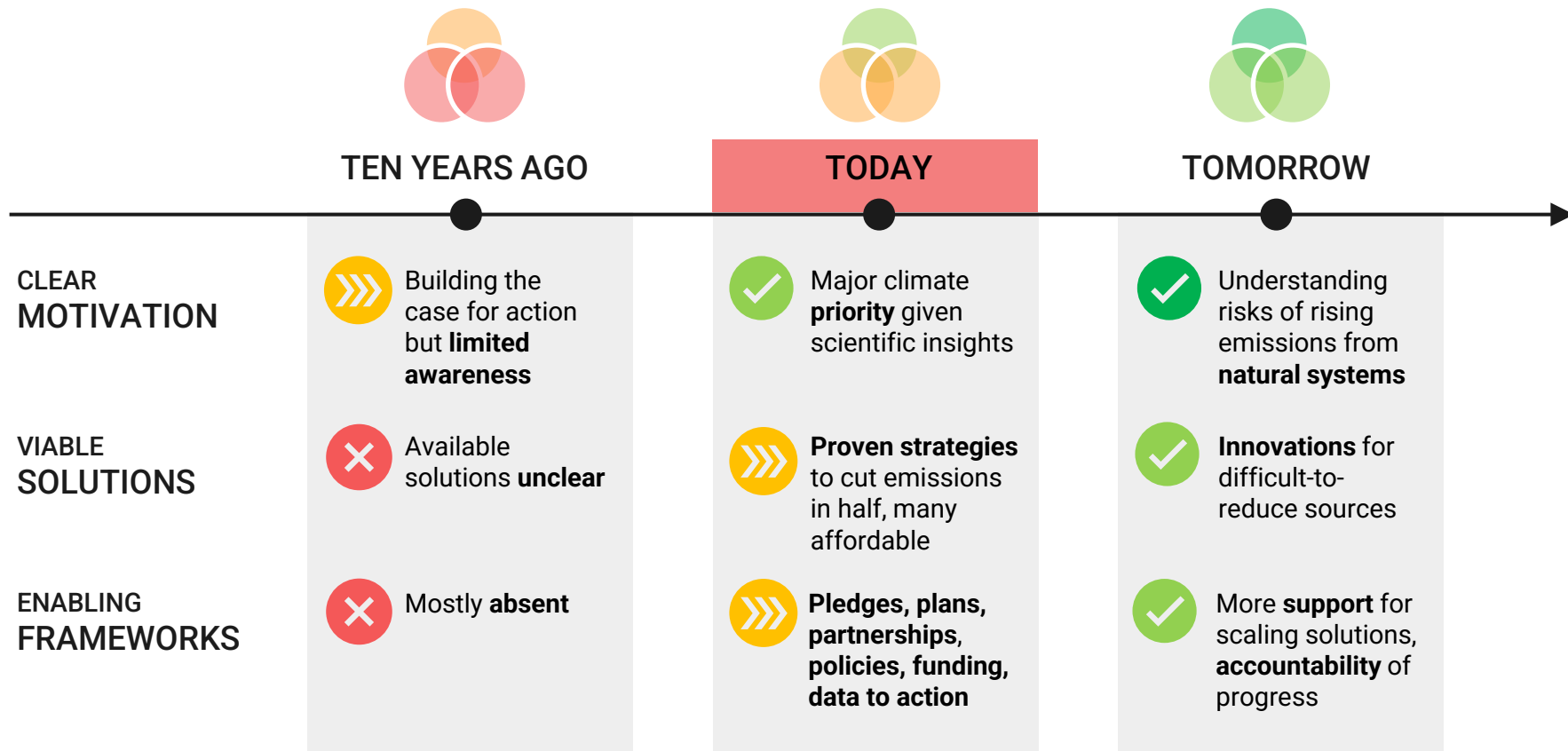
Critical factors for methane action



Critical factors for methane action: evolution over time



Critical factors for methane action: evolution over time



Methane motivation today: **Priority** given scientific insights

1

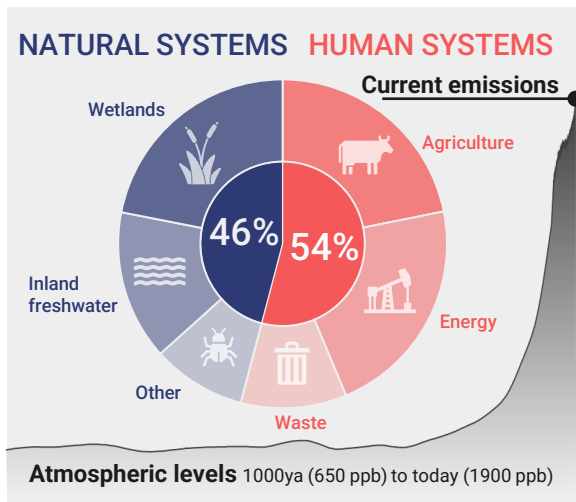
Human activities have **more than doubled** the amount of methane found naturally in the atmosphere and levels continue to rise

2

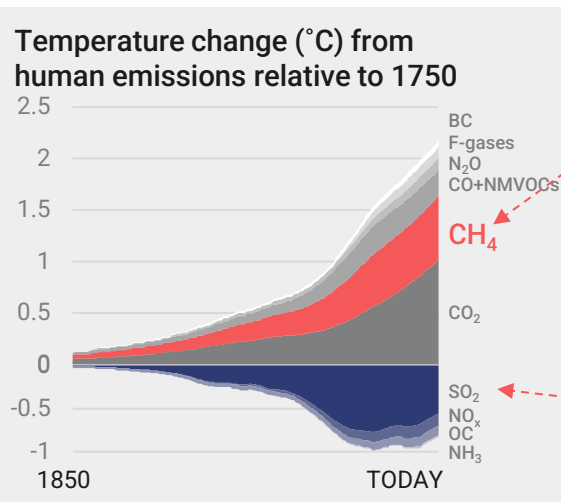
Ongoing methane emissions are a major and growing driver of climate change, responsible for **~30% of today's warming** (0.5°C / ~1°F)

3

Cutting methane emissions is considered the **fastest way to slow down warming** in the coming decades



Data sources: emissions - 2020 bottom-up estimates from Jackson et al. 2024; atmospheric levels - 2 Degrees Institute



Data source: Buma et al. 2025, relative to 1750 temperature



Large share of current warming



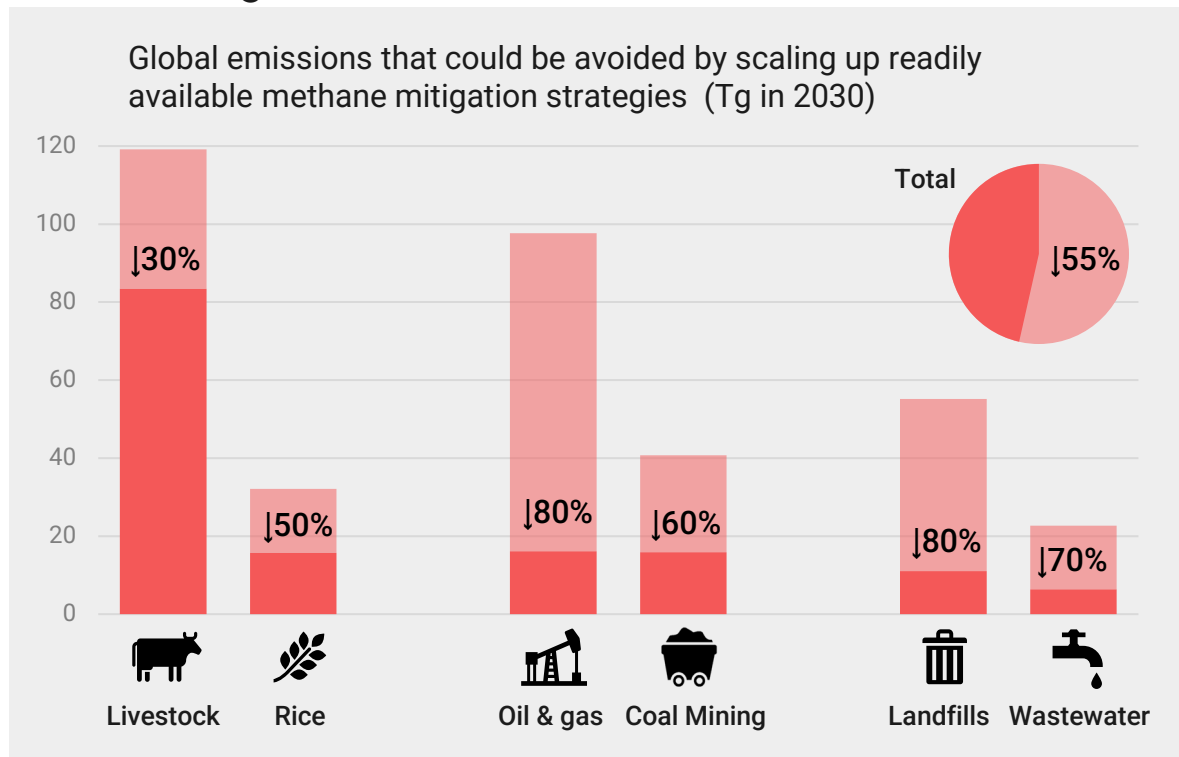
Relatively **short-lived** in atmosphere (lifetime ~decade)



Unlike CO₂, **not co-emitted** with major cooling pollutants

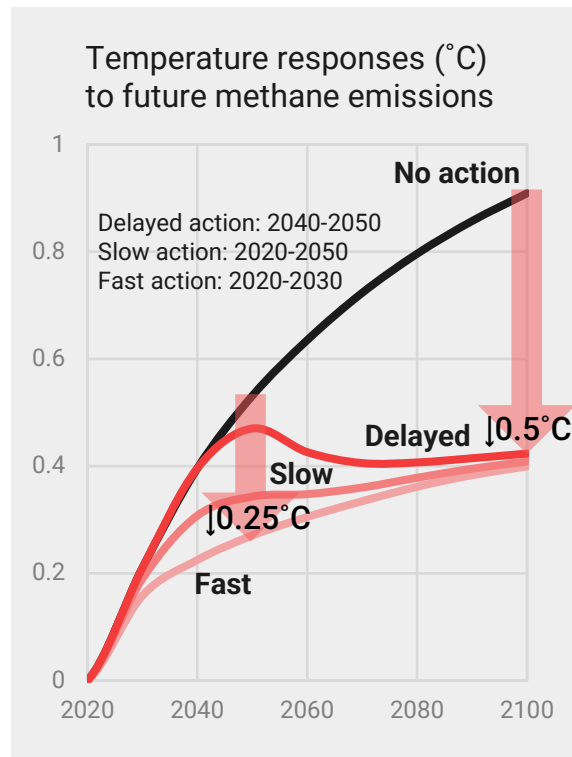
Methane solutions today: Proven solutions to cut emissions in half

Emissions abatement potential with existing solutions



Ocko et al. 2021

Faster we deploy solutions, better the outcome



Ocko et al. 2021

Methane frameworks today: Progress on paper



Pledges

159 countries participate in the **Global Methane Pledge** to cut methane emissions by 30% below 2020 levels by 2030



Policies

Several countries have or are developing **regulations, guidelines, requirements** for oil and gas operations and landfills



Plans

Nealy **100 countries** have national methane action plans



Partnerships

E.g. Oil and Gas Methane Partnership 2.0, Dairy Methane Action Alliance, Subnational Methane Action Coalition, LOW-Methane



Funding

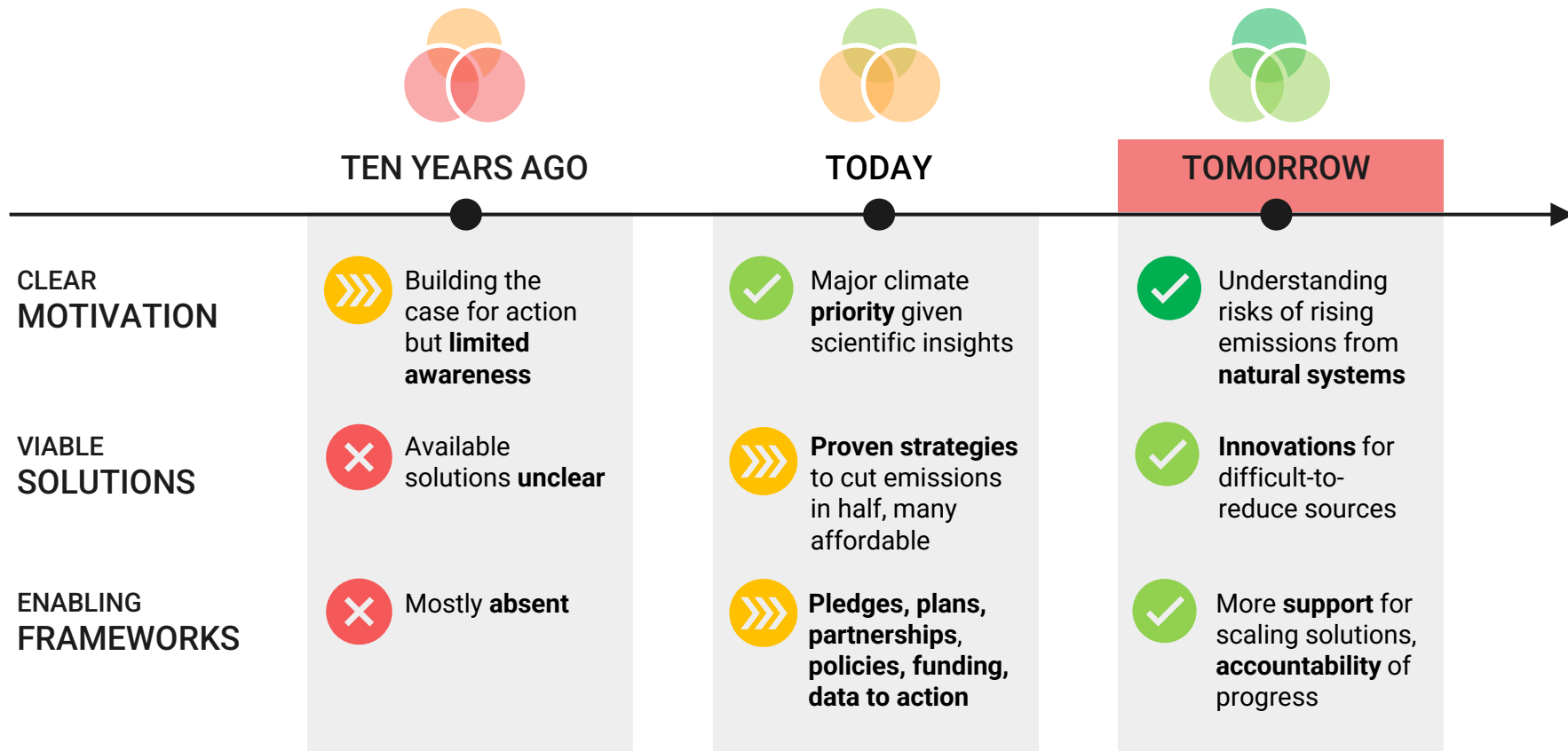
More than \$2 billion in grants—\$500 million in announced last year alone—plus billions more in project finance



Data to Action

Technology advances enabling **detection** of emissions and systems to **notify** responsible parties, such as UNEP's MARS

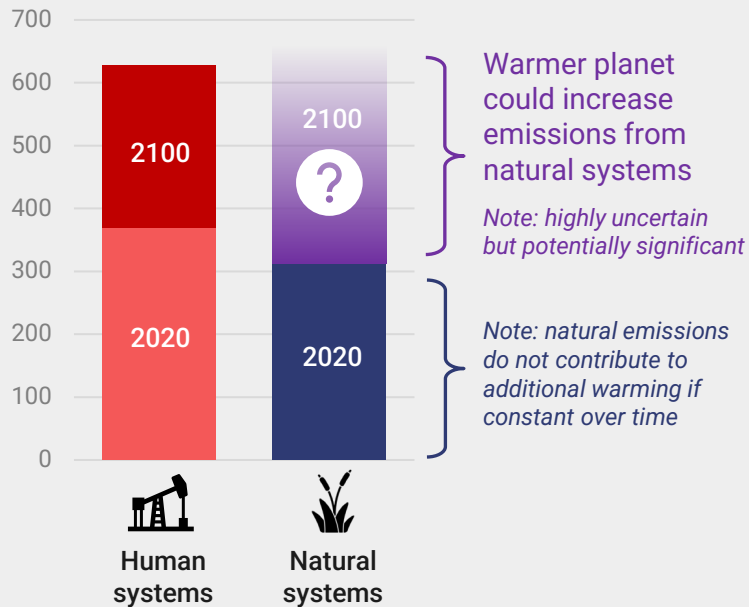
Critical factors for methane action: evolution over time



Methane motivation tomorrow: Emissions from **natural systems**

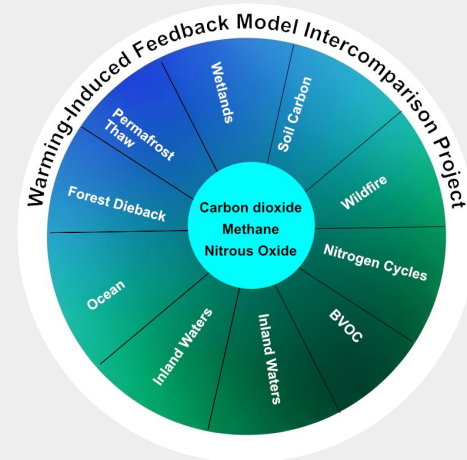
More methane from natural systems

Methane emissions in 2020 and 2100 without action (Tg)



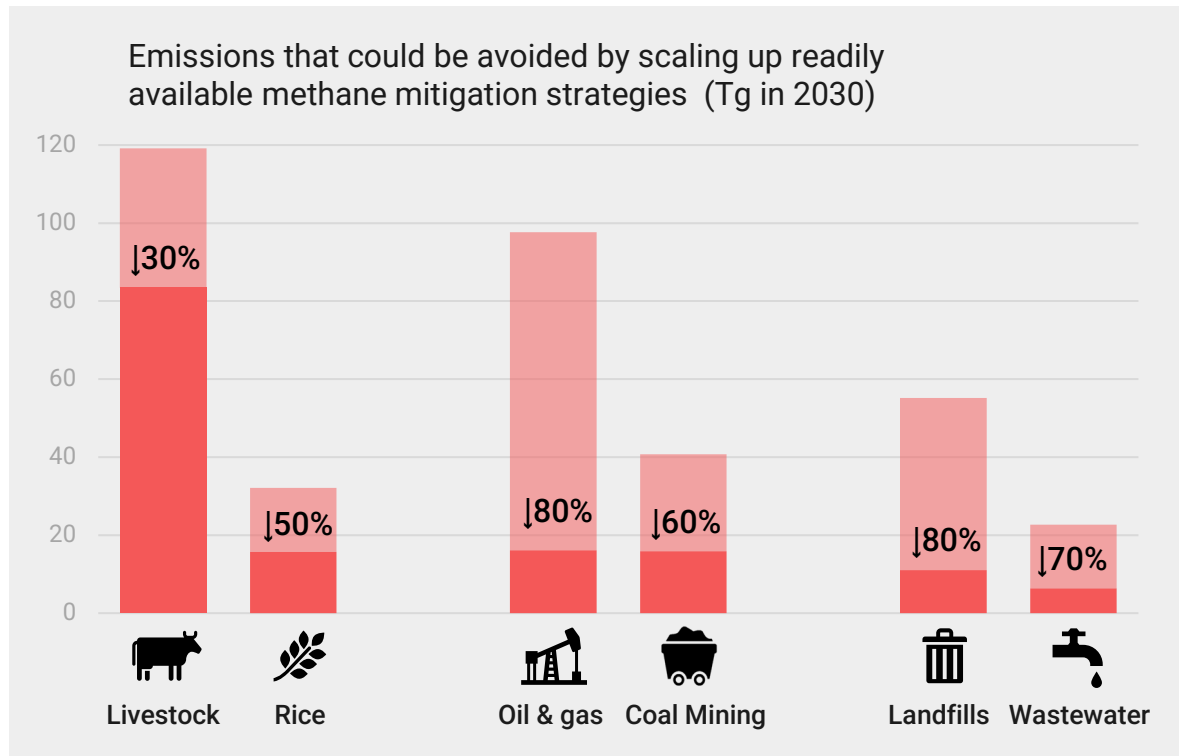
What's needed next

- ✓ Strengthen monitoring to track and attribute natural emissions
- ✓ Integrate natural emissions into models, inventories, and policy frameworks
- ✓ Advance solutions through research on source-specific mitigation and remediation



Methane solutions tomorrow: **Innovations** for difficult sources

Livestock enteric emissions remain a challenge



Ocko et al. 2021

What's needed next

- ✓ Innovation for pasture-based livestock (<2% of animals raised in feedlot settings)
- ✓ Improved measurements
- ✓ Development of markets, policy pathways

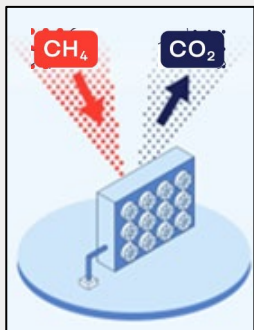


Livestock Enteric Methane Mitigation Roadmap,
Spark Climate Solutions, 2025

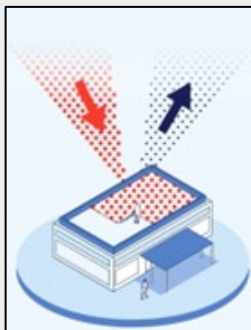
Methane removal in early stages of research

A set of climate solutions that break down methane into carbon dioxide and water faster than nature does alone, potentially significantly reducing atmospheric methane's impact.

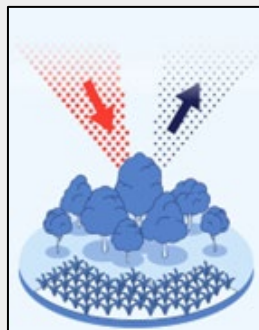
Categories of methane removal approaches:



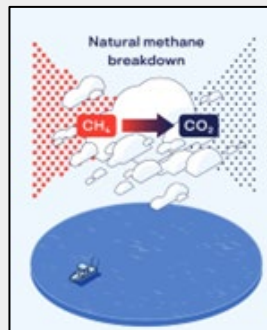
**METHANE
REMOVING
REACTORS**



**METHANE
REMOVING
SURFACES**



**ENHANCING METHANE
BREAK DOWN IN
ECOSYSTEMS**



**ENHANCING METHANE
BREAK DOWN IN
ATMOSPHERE**

What's needed next

- ✓ Research and funding
- ✓ Establishment of governance structures and mechanisms for emerging approaches



Methane frameworks tomorrow: More **support** and **accountability**

What's needed to scale today's and tomorrow's solutions



More political will – more and stronger policies, enforcement of policies



More funding – small fraction of total climate finance goes into direct methane abatement



Equity/access – support for developing countries through financing, technology transfer, training programs, and capacity-building



Accountability – moving from pledges and plans to real emissions reductions, e.g. through robust monitoring, reporting, and verification (MRV) programs



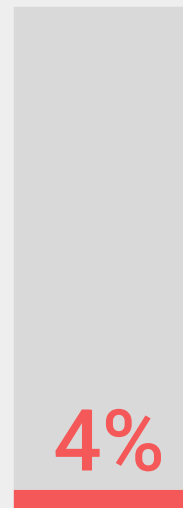
Share of warming



Share of finance

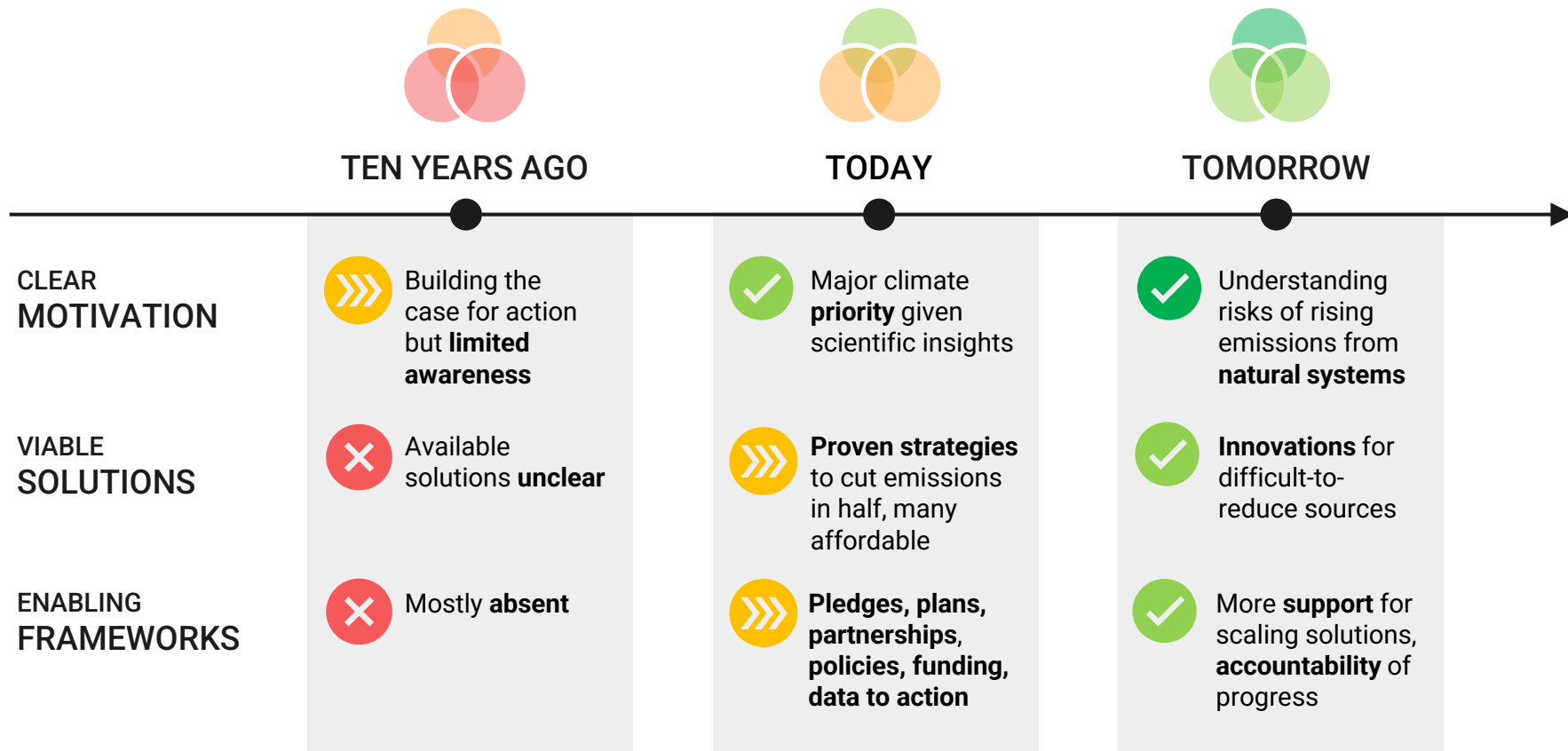


2010-2019
gross warming



2021-2022
climate finance

Bottom line: tremendous progress but more to be done!



Thank you!



Learn more at
sparkclimate.org

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