What Every Election Staffer Should Know About Cybersecurity



1. Everyone is a security official

Take cybersecurity seriously. Take responsibility for reducing risk, training your staff, and setting the example. Human error is the number one cause of breaches. Spear-phishing attacks and other attempts at interference can be thwarted with cybersecurity vigilance.



2. Use two-factor authentication (2FA)

Use two-factor authentication for everything: official work accounts, personal email accounts, social media accounts, and any data storage services. Use a mobile app (such as Google Authenticator, Duo, or Authy) or a physical key (such as Yubikey or other U2F devices) for your second factor, not text messaging. 2FA is an extra step, but is very effective at preventing unauthorized access.



3. Create long, strong passwords

Current computing capabilities can crack a seven-character password in milliseconds. For your passwords, create **SomethingReallyLongLikeThisString**, not something really short like **Th1\$**. Contrary to popular belief, a long string of random words without symbols is more difficult to break than something short, with lots of **\$ymB01\$**.



4. Keep credentials secure

When collaborating with others, resist the temptation to share credentials to systems with them, regardless of who they are.



5. Practice cyber hygiene

Follow all applicable guidance for patching and software updates. Ensure that your systems have the most updated antivirus software.